

See fail sisaldab mõnede õpikus "Adaptiivsed filtrid nong nened rakendused sidesüsteemides" esinevate vigade paranduse.

lk. 10 valem 3.8 on:

$$\frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial a_k} = -x(n-k)$$

$$\frac{\partial e^*(n)}{\partial a_k} = -x^*(n-k)$$

$$\frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial a_k} = -jx(n-k)$$

$$\frac{\partial e^*(n)}{\partial a_k} = -jx^*(n-k)$$

peab olema

$$\frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial a_k} = -x(n-k)$$

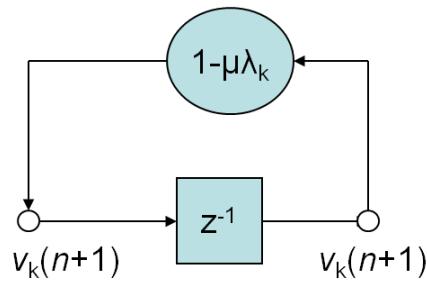
$$\frac{\partial e^*(n)}{\partial a_k} = -x^*(n-k)$$

$$\frac{\partial e(n)}{\partial b_k} = jx(n-k)$$

$$\frac{\partial e^*(n)}{\partial b_k} = -jx^*(n-k)$$

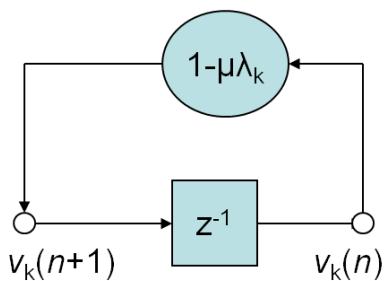
lk.31, joonis 20

on



Joonis 1. Kiireima languse meetodi lihtsustatud signaaligraaf

Peab olla



Joonis 2. Kiireima languse meetodi lihtsustatud signaaligraaf

Valem 5.3 lk.36

$$\begin{aligned} \text{on } \hat{\mathbf{R}}(n) &= \mathbf{x}(n)\mathbf{x}^H(n) \\ \hat{\mathbf{p}}(n) &= \mathbf{x}(n)d(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{peab olema } \hat{\mathbf{R}}(n) &= \mathbf{x}(n)\mathbf{x}^H(n) \\ \hat{\mathbf{p}}(n) &= \mathbf{x}(n)d^*(n) \end{aligned}$$

Valem 5.4 lk. 36

$$\text{on } \hat{\nabla}J(n) = -2\mathbf{x}(n)d(n) + 2\mathbf{x}(n)\mathbf{x}^H(n)\hat{\mathbf{w}}(n)$$

$$\text{peab olema } \hat{\nabla}J(n) = -2\mathbf{x}(n)d^*(n) + 2\mathbf{x}(n)\mathbf{x}^H(n)\hat{\mathbf{w}}(n)$$

Valem 9.27, lk. 91

$$\text{on } P_i(n) = \lambda P_i(n) + (1 - \lambda) |X_i(n)|^2$$

$$\text{peab olema } P_i(n) = \lambda P_i(n-1) + (1 - \lambda) |X_i(n)|^2$$